

## Divergent Field Annular Ion Engine, Phase I

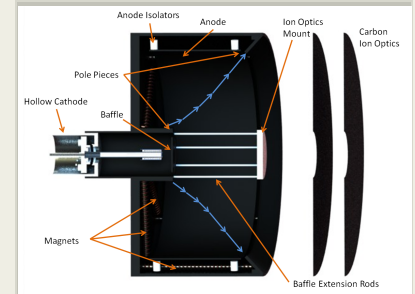
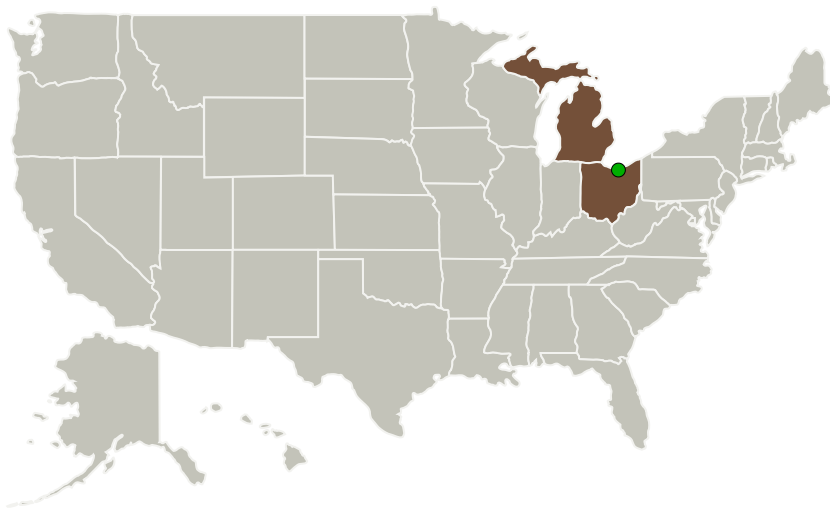
Completed Technology Project (2014 - 2014)



## Project Introduction

The proposed work investigates an approach that would allow an annular ion engine geometry to achieve ion beam currents approaching the Child-Langmuir limit. In this respect, the annular engine, whose design inherently allows for significant increases in perveance by resolving the span-to-gap problem, can achieve the projected high current densities necessary for high thrust, high power applications. The case for high power gridded ion thrusters is compelling if not only for risk reduction in contrast to lower TRL Hall thruster variants such as the nested channel systems. This point cannot be over emphasized as there is now significant effort and resources applied to Hall engine development. Yet there still remains some uncertainty as to how high power variants or magnetically insulated variants will actually perform in space. Interpretation of high power Hall engine operation in ground test facilities is also not completely well understood. This is in contrast with gridded ion technology whose facility corrections are well understood. The current investment in high power gridded ion thruster technology is minimal. This effort seeks to address this gap in technology development and in the process continue the advancement of a credible risk reducing technology for high power mission applications.

## Primary U.S. Work Locations and Key Partners



Divergent Field Annular Ion Engine Project Image

## Table of Contents

|  |   |
|--|---|
| Project Introduction                         | 1 |
| Primary U.S. Work Locations and Key Partners | 1 |
| Project Transitions                          | 2 |
| Images                                       | 2 |
| Organizational Responsibility                | 2 |
| Project Management                           | 2 |
| Technology Maturity (TRL)                    | 2 |
| Technology Areas                             | 3 |
| Target Destinations                          | 3 |

## Divergent Field Annular Ion Engine, Phase I

Completed Technology Project (2014 - 2014)



| Organizations Performing Work     | Role                    | Type                             | Location            |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| ElectroDynamic Applications, Inc. | Lead Organization       | Industry Minority-Owned Business | Ann Arbor, Michigan |
| ● Glenn Research Center(GRC)      | Supporting Organization | NASA Center                      | Cleveland, Ohio     |

## Primary U.S. Work Locations

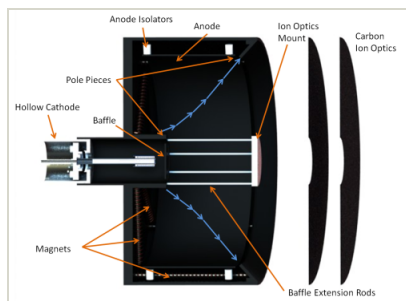
|          |      |
|----------|------|
| Michigan | Ohio |
|----------|------|

## Project Transitions

**June 2014:** Project Start**December 2014:** Closed out**Closeout Documentation:**

- Final Summary Chart(<https://techport.nasa.gov/file/137564>)

## Images

**Project Image**Divergent Field Annular Ion Engine  
Project Image(<https://techport.nasa.gov/image/130929>)

## Organizational Responsibility

**Responsible Mission Directorate:**

Space Technology Mission Directorate (STMD)

**Lead Organization:**

ElectroDynamic Applications, Inc.

**Responsible Program:**

Small Business Innovation Research/Small Business Tech Transfer

## Project Management

**Program Director:**

Jason L Kessler

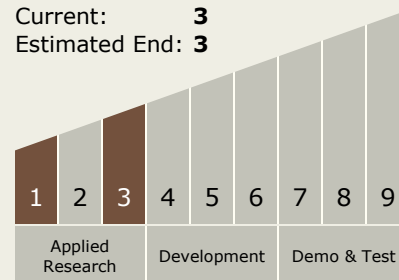
**Program Manager:**

Carlos Torrez

**Principal Investigator:**

Christopher Davis

## Technology Maturity (TRL)

Start: **1**Current: **3**Estimated End: **3**

## Divergent Field Annular Ion Engine, Phase I

Completed Technology Project (2014 - 2014)



### Technology Areas

#### Primary:

- TX01 Propulsion Systems
  - └ TX01.2 Electric Space Propulsion
    - └ TX01.2.2 Electrostatic

### Target Destinations

The Sun, Earth, The Moon, Mars, Others Inside the Solar System, Outside the Solar System